

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICATION FOR PATENT  
FOR  
REAR SUSPENSION FOR WHEELCHAIR

Inventor/Applicant: Eric Mark Chelgren  
Inventor's Residence: P.O. Box 465  
Vinton, IA 52349-0465  
Citizenship: U.S.A.


Assignee: Frog Legs, Inc.  
P.O. Box 465  
Vinton, IA 52349-0465

Attorney of Record: Allan L. Harms, Reg. No. 27558  
Correspondence Address: 2750 First Avenue N.E., Suite 420  
Cedar Rapids, IA 52402

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Allan L. Harms; Reg. No. 27,558

## REAR SUSPENSION FOR WHEELCHAIR

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority from copending provisional patent application entitled "Rear Suspension for Wheelchair", serial number 60/412,073 filed September 19, 2002. The disclosure of provisional patent application serial number 60/412,073 is hereby incorporated in its entirety.

### STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

Not Applicable.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention pertains to wheelchairs and particularly to suspension of the large rear wheels of wheelchairs which are manually operable as well as those that are powered by self-contained motors.

In the typical manual wheelchair each rear wheel is a large wheel mounted to the frame of the wheelchair without any provision for absorption of shocks or damping of vibration of the wheelchair. In such a wheelchair, shocks and vibrations arising from irregularities and defects in the traveled surface are transmitted through the rear wheels to the wheelchair occupant. One attempt to reduce this phenomenon is shown in U.S. Patent No. 4,455,031 wherein a shock absorber interconnects the seat of the wheelchair with a frame on which the large rear wheels are mounted. The present invention provides simplified shock absorbing apparatus for each large rear wheel to reduce the shock and vibration felt by the user of a wheelchair traversing a surface.

### SUMMARY

The present invention provides a rear suspension for a wheelchair which can be retrofitted to a wheelchair or installed at initial manufacture. The invention is directed toward a manually operated wheelchair, especially a sport wheelchair, which is driven by the rider pushing the large rear wheels by hand. However the invention is equally applicable to a powered wheelchair.

Each rear suspension element is mounted to a horizontal side bar of the wheelchair frame such that the hub of each back wheel is located slightly below the horizontal side bar to which the

1 suspension element is mounted. Each rear suspension element includes the clamp for mounting the  
2 suspension element to the horizontal side bar of the wheelchair frame, the clamp having a base and  
3 an upper member which cooperate to surround the side bar. A fork element is hinged to the base  
4 of the clamp at one end of the base. The fork includes an axle housing to receive the axle of the  
5 rear wheel it suspends. The fork extends rearward along the horizontal side bar below the base of  
6 the clamp. An upright polymer cylinder is trapped between the bottom of the base of the clamp and  
7 the fork to provide a shock absorber. Rotation of the fork relative to the hinge is limited by  
8 surfaces on the fork and on the base near the hinge such that the fork cannot rotate away from the  
9 clamp base to the extent that the polymer cylinder will fall out of place. Similarly other abutable  
10 surfaces prevent the fork from rotating toward the clamp base to an extent which might cause  
11 excessive compression of the polymer cylinder.

12 The fork includes a large axle housing to receive the axle of the large wheel. The fork has  
13 two separated tines which are joined at their lower edges by a transverse wall which carries a  
14 recess which receives the lower end of the polymer cylinder. Each tine terminates with a ring  
15 which, with the ring of the other tine, forms the large axle housing. Each ring contains a small gap  
16 in its circumference and the distal parts of the lower edges of the rings are joined by a web. The  
17 web may be drawn toward the transverse wall of the fork by a screw which can be adjusted,  
18 making the large axle housing adjustable in circumference so that the axle of the large rear wheel  
19 can be held securely within the axle housing of the fork.

20 The bottom of the clamp base includes a stub having a cylindrical hollow which can receive  
21 the upper end of the polymer cylinder to retain it. The hinge and fork are arranged slightly off  
22 center below the clamp so that movement of the suspension element is not interfered with by the  
23 frame of wheelchair.

24 It is an object of the invention to provide a shock absorbing apparatus to reduce the  
25 transmission of bumps and shocks from the large rear wheels of a wheelchair to the rider in the  
26 wheelchair.

1           It is a further object of the invention to provide an improved manual wheelchair which is  
2 less uncomfortable for the user to ride over irregular surfaces.

3           It is also an object of the invention to provide a shock absorbing rear suspension which can  
4 be easily added to an existing wheelchair.

5           These and other objects will become apparent from examination of the description which  
6 follows.

#### 7           BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S)

8           Figure 1 is a front elevation of a wheelchair equipped with the invention.

9           Figure 2 is a perspective of the invention mounted to the frame of a wheelchair and  
10 supporting the axle of the rear wheel of a wheelchair, the frame being cut away.

11          Figure 3 is an exploded perspective of the invention of Figure 1.

12          Figure 4 is an enlarged front elevation of the base member of the invention.

13          Figure 5 is an enlarged front elevation of the fork member of the invention.

14          Figure 6 is a front perspective of an alternative embodiment of the polymer shock absorber  
15 of the invention.

#### 16           DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

17          Figure 1 discloses a wheelchair 55 equipped at each rear wheel 57 thereof with a rear  
18 suspension element 2 according to the present invention. A horizontal frame member 51 on each  
19 side of the wheelchair 55 has one of rear suspension elements 2 clamped thereto. Each rear wheel  
20 57 is mounted at its axle 50 to a rear suspension element 2.

21          Figure 2 shows a perspective of the invention rear suspension element 2 suspending rear  
22 wheel axle 50 (with the rear wheel removed) of a manual wheelchair. The invention is shown  
23 mounted to a horizontal frame member 51 (cut away) of the manual wheelchair.

24          Referring now to Figures 2-5, the invention comprises a clamp base 4 which may be  
25 secured to horizontal frame member 51 of the wheelchair by use of enclosing member 3 which may  
26 be securely fastened to clamp base 4 by use of bolts 10. Enclosing member 3 includes

1 longitudinal notch 28 into which elongate ridge 38 of clamp base 4 is received before bolts 10 are  
2 installed. Clamp base 4 and enclosing member 3 cooperate to surround tubular frame member 51  
3 and retain the invention to horizontal frame member 51. As is readily understood, clamp base 4  
4 and enclosing member 3 may be fixed to a frame member of many different wheelchairs and such  
5 wheelchairs can be easily retrofitted with the rear suspension elements 2.

6 Clamp base 4 includes an axle housing 12 mounted therebelow at one longitudinal end 13  
7 thereof. Near opposing end 14 of clamp base 4 is formed a vertically oriented receiver 15 which  
8 includes a hollow which receives upper end 16 of polymer shock absorber 6. Polymer shock  
9 absorber 6 is retained between clamp base 4 and fork 5 and comprises an elongate solid cylinder of  
10 compressible polymeric material which is uniform in construction. Shock absorber 6 is  
11 constructed to be robust in resisting longitudinal compression and may be one to three inches long  
12 and about one inch in diameter. Polymer shock absorber 6 may be formed of VIBRATHANE™  
13 polyurethane supplied by Uniroyal Co. or of many other resilient polymer compounds which can  
14 absorb longitudinal compressive forces of approximately three hundred fifty pounds.

15 Fork 5 comprises a pair of parallel spaced apart tines 19, 20 which are joined at the lower  
16 edges 36 by transverse wall 23. Each tine 19, 20 includes pivot pin openings 24, 25 respectively  
17 at pivot end 29 of fork 5. Transverse wall 23 includes seat 26 which receives the lower end 27 of  
18 shock absorber 6. Seat 26 comprises a cylindrical recess in transverse wall 23. Free end 30 of  
19 fork 5 is provided with wheel axle openings 31, 32 on tines 19, 20 respectively into which the axle  
20 50 of the rear wheel of the wheelchair is to be received. With shock absorber 6 uncompressed,  
21 fork 5 rests at about twenty-two degrees of angular separation from the longitudinal axis of clamp  
22 base 4.

23 Fork 5 is retained to clamp base 4 by pivot pin 8 which passes through pivot pin openings  
24 24, 25 and is received in pivot bushings 7 which are received in opposing ends of axle housing 12.  
25 Pivot pin 8 is retained in bushings 7 and within axle housing 12 by cap screws 9 mounted at  
26 opposing ends of pivot pin 8. Fork 5 is pivotable about pivot pin 8 over a limited range permitted

1 by adjoining stop faces 17, 18 on each of tines 19, 20 respectively of fork 5. First stop faces 17  
2 are joined to second stop faces 18 at an obtuse angle of at least about one hundred thirty degrees.  
3 Axle housing 12 is provided with third and fourth stop faces 21, 22 (see Figure 4) on opposing  
4 ends thereof. Third stop faces 21 join fourth stop faces 22 at an angle exceeding the angle  
5 separating first and second stop faces 17, 18 by at least approximately ten degrees. Third stop  
6 faces 21 abut first stop faces 17 of tines 19, 20 when shock absorber 6 is decompressed and limit  
7 the downward rotation of fork 5 about pivot pin 8. Conversely, when fork 5 is forced upward by  
8 a road surface feature, compression of shock absorber 6 is limited when second stop faces 18 limit  
9 rotation of fork 5 about pivot pin 8 by their abutment on fourth stop faces 22.

10 Fork 5 may include voids 33 in each of tines 19, 20 to reduce weight. Voids 33 also allow  
11 access to the polymer shock absorber for its positioning within seat 26.

12 Fork 5 is formed of rigid metal or polymeric materials and is cast or formed such that tines  
13 19, 20 and transverse wall 23 are integral and of uniform composition, it being anticipated that fork  
14 5 will be formed as a one-piece unit. Fork 5 is provided with a generally linear lower edge 36 and  
15 each of tines 19, 20 has an upper edge 37 which is generally linear before sloping upward to join  
16 second stop face 18. Lower edge 36 slopes upward at approximately forty-five degrees near pivot  
17 end 29 of fork 5.

18 As may be best seen in Fig. 4, receiver 15 is slanted at its lower end 35 to facilitate  
19 placement of upper end 16 of polymer shock absorber 6 therein such that the longitudinal axis of  
20 polymer shock absorber 6 rests at essentially a perpendicular to transverse wall 23. Therefore, the  
21 longitudinal axis of polymer shock absorber 6 is not aligned with the longitudinal axis of receiver  
22 15 when shock absorber 6 is decompressed. Receiver 15 is a hollow sleeve which receives the  
23 upper end 16 of polymer shock absorber 6.

24 Each of wheel axle openings 31, 32 is defined by a ring 41, 42 of tines 19, 20 respectively  
25 and each of rings 41, 42 comprises a gap 40 in its lower region. Provision of gaps 40 allows rings  
26 41, 42 to be adjustable in circumference so that they can be tightened around wheel axles 50 of the

1 large rear wheels of the wheelchair. A web 43 joins the distal lower portions of rings 41, 42.  
2 Web 43 may be drawn toward transverse wall 23 to reduce or increase gaps 40 by use of a screw  
3 44 extending through web 43 and threaded into transverse wall 23. Rib 34 may be integrally  
4 formed on the underside of transverse wall 23 to provide structure to receive screw 44.

5 In order to avoid interference of the rear wheels with frame components of the wheelchair  
6 55 upon which rear suspension element 2 is mounted, it is preferable that fork 5 be offset from the  
7 axis of the frame member 51 such that fork 5 may pivot about pivot pin 8 without striking or  
8 rubbing any part of wheelchair 55. Hence the longitudinal axis of fork 5 is spaced apart laterally  
9 approximately 1/4 inch from the axis of cylindrical recess 39 of clamp base 4 when suspension  
10 element 2 is oriented vertically, as would be the normal orientation when mounted to a wheelchair.  
11 When the rear suspension element 2 is mounted to a wheelchair, the preferred orientation of the  
12 rear suspension element 2 is such that the pivot end 29 of fork 5 is forward of the free end 30 of  
13 the fork 5.

14 An alternative embodiment polymer shock absorber 60 is illustrated in Figure 6. In this  
15 embodiment, body 47 of shock absorber 60 is of enlarged cross section while stubs 48 and 49 are  
16 of smaller cross section and upper stub 48 will fit within the hollow of receiver 15 and lower stub  
17 49 will fit within seat 26 of transverse wall 23. Shock absorber 60 may be utilized in place of  
18 polymer shock absorber 6 when a heavier person will be the user of the wheelchair on which the  
19 rear suspension elements 2 are mounted.

20 It can be seen that shock absorber 6 or alternate shock absorber 60 are disposed generally  
21 vertically within rear suspension element 2 and serve to dampen vertical movement of the fork 5 to  
22 reduce the jarring of the wheelchair occupant as the large wheels 57 pass over irregularities of the  
23 street or floor on which the wheelchair 55 is operated.

24 Many variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art. It is therefore to be understood,  
25 that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced other than as  
26 specifically described.